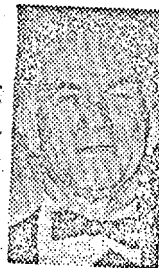


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# TiestodeFacto Rulers Urged By Fulbright



United Press International

Sen. Fulbright

Sen. J. William Fulbright, (D-Ark.) proposed yesterday that the United States return to the policy of recognizing the "de facto" government of a country.

Fulbright, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said the United States should base its recognition policy not on whether it approves of a government but whether the government of that nation is the government in fact.

At present the United States does not recognize the 16-year-old government of Red China because it disapproves of the policies and actions of the Communist regime.

Fulbright concurred with the Administration policy of not recognizing Red China. "In view of the history of the last 15 years," he said, "I do not think we can suddenly change."

Fulbright added that the U.S. could not change its policy abruptly now without dis-

rupting its position with its allies, particularly in Asia.

But the Arkansas Democrat said that admission to the United Nations should be judged on a basis other than the one that should apply to recognition. He asserted that Red China should not be admitted to the world organization as long as it maintained an attitude of intransigent belligerence.

Fulbright discussed foreign policy issues with Rep. Emanuel Celler (D-N.Y.) in a television interview for a New York station.

Fulbright also discussed his recent Senate speech in which he took up what he felt were "old myths and new realities" of foreign policy.

He again emphasized his contention that Cuba was not a grave threat to the United States. He stated that the Castro regime was a threat to Latin America, but said this threat should be dealt with through the Organization of American States.